

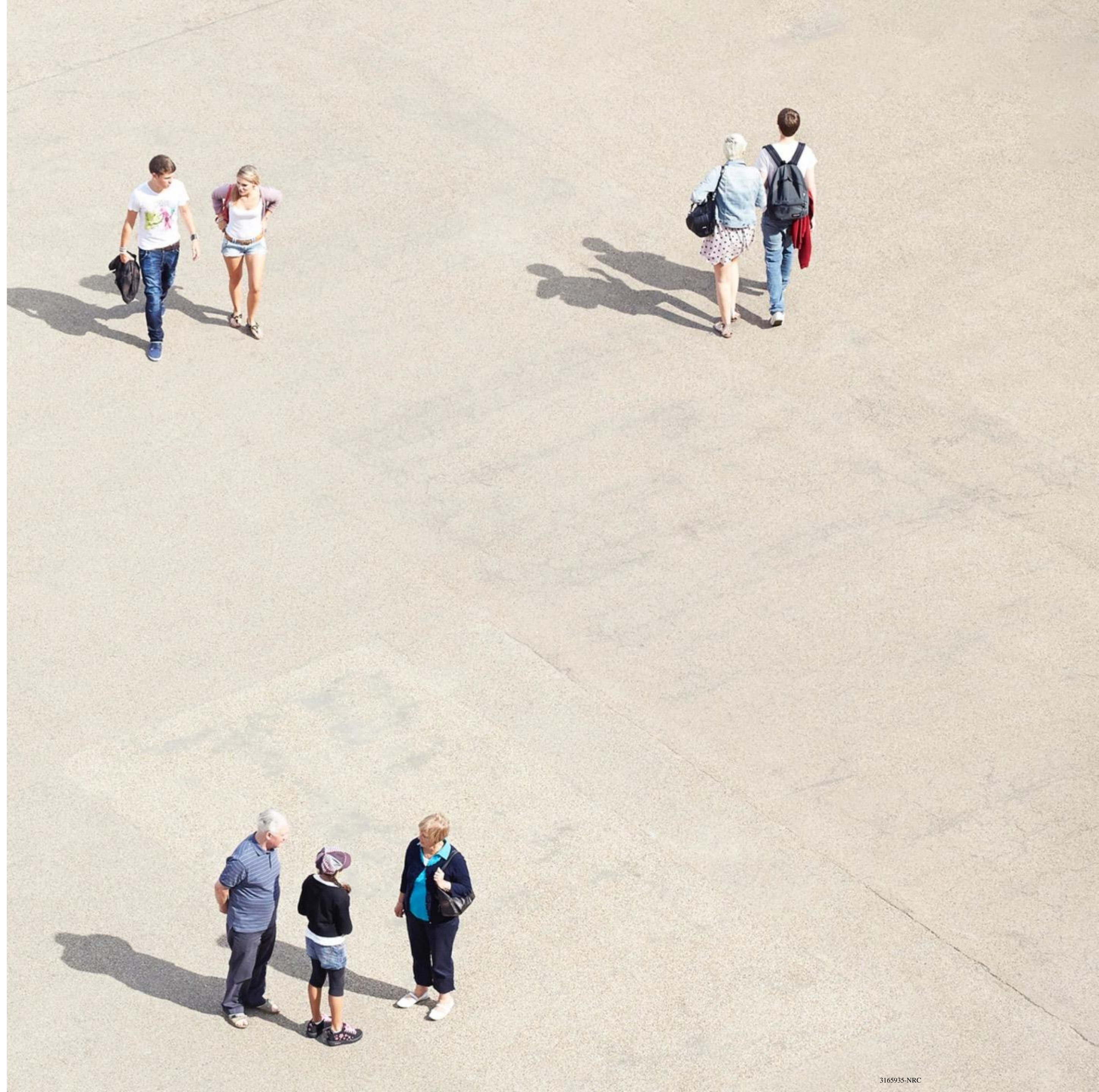


Market Environment

Third Quarter 2023

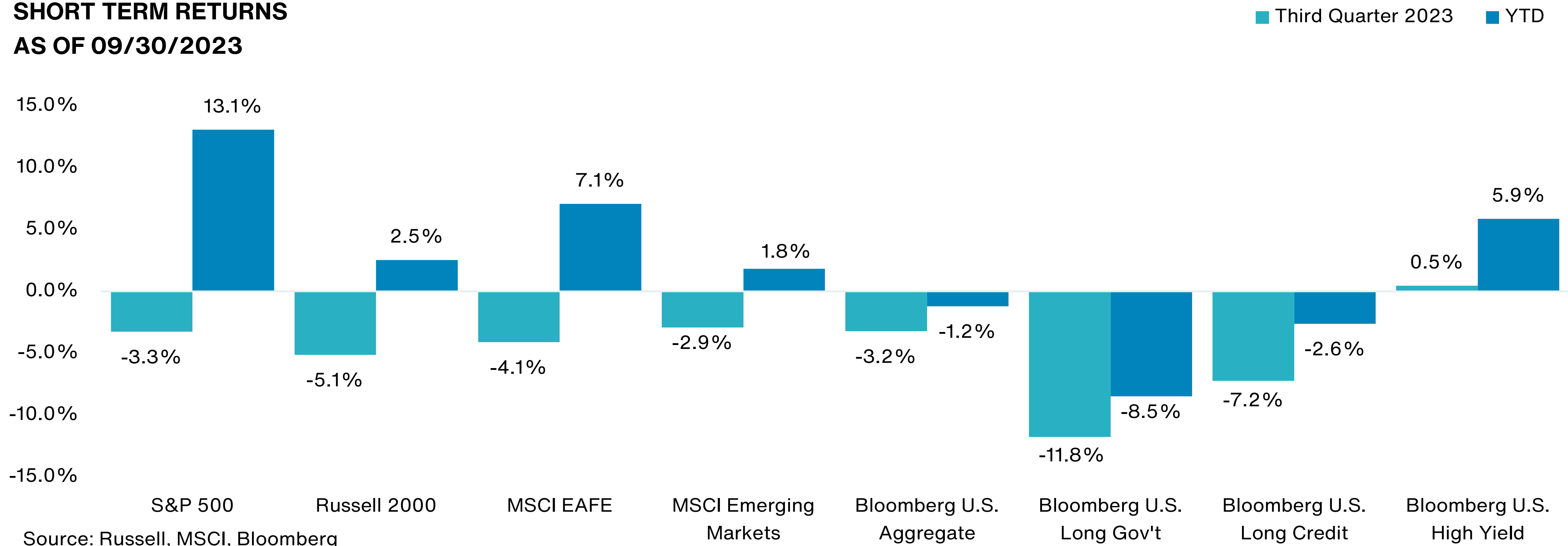
Investment advice and consulting services provided by Aon Investments USA Inc. Nothing in this document should be construed as legal, tax, or investment advice. Please consult with your independent professional for any such advice. To protect the confidential and proprietary information included in this material, it may not be disclosed or provided to any third parties without the approval of Aon.

Private and Confidential | Investment advice and consulting services provided by Aon Investment USA Inc.



Market Highlights

SHORT TERM RETURNS AS OF 09/30/2023

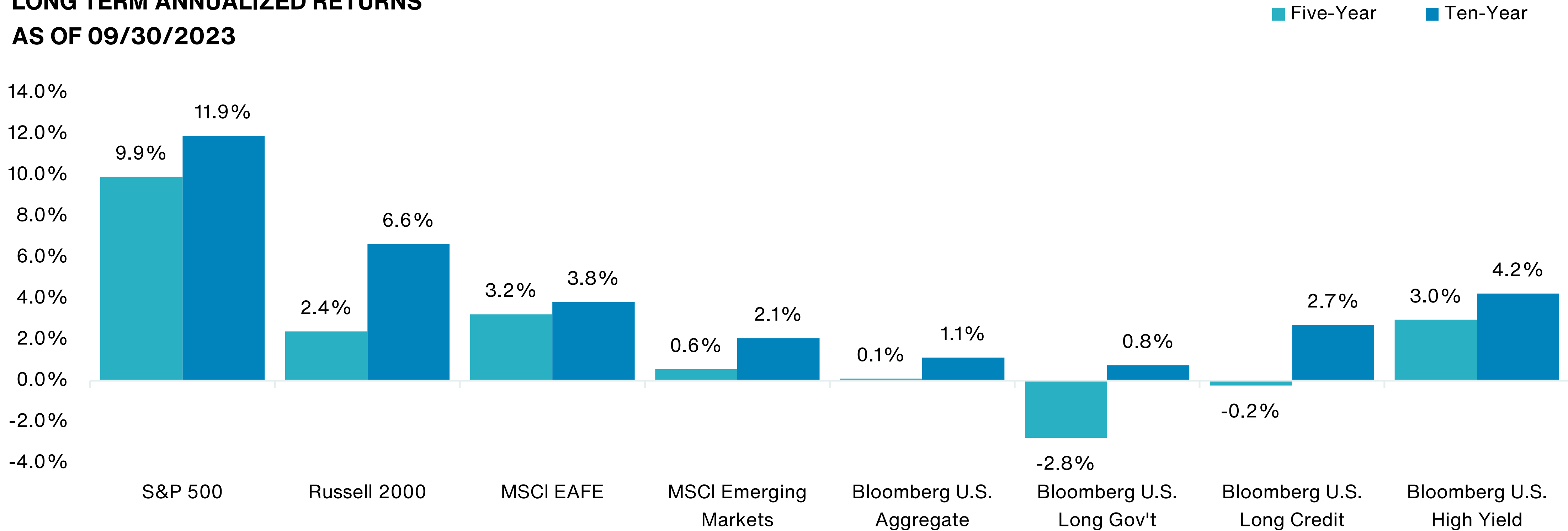


Source: Russell, MSCI, Bloomberg
MSCI Indices show net total returns throughout this report. All other indices show gross total returns.

Past performance is no guarantee of future results. Indices cannot be invested in directly. Unmanaged index returns assume reinvestment of any and all distributions and do not reflect fees and expenses. Please see appendix for index definitions and other general disclosures.

Market Highlights

LONG TERM ANNUALIZED RETURNS AS OF 09/30/2023



Source: Russell, MSCI, Bloomberg

Past performance is no guarantee of future results. Indices cannot be invested in directly. Unmanaged index returns assume reinvestment of any and all distributions and do not reflect fees and expenses. Please see appendix for index definitions and other general disclosures.

Market Highlights

Returns of the Major Capital Markets						
	Period Ending 09/30/2023					
	Third Quarter	YTD	1-Year	3-Year ¹	5-Year ¹	10-Year ¹
Equity						
MSCI All Country World IMI	-3.40%	9.39%	20.16%	6.88%	6.09%	7.39%
MSCI All Country World	-3.40%	10.06%	20.80%	6.89%	6.46%	7.56%
Dow Jones U.S. Total Stock Market	-3.29%	12.42%	20.49%	9.27%	9.01%	11.19%
Russell 3000	-3.25%	12.39%	20.46%	9.38%	9.14%	11.28%
S&P 500	-3.27%	13.07%	21.62%	10.15%	9.92%	11.91%
Russell 2000	-5.13%	2.54%	8.93%	7.16%	2.40%	6.65%
MSCI All Country World ex-U.S. IMI	-3.49%	5.30%	20.19%	3.77%	2.57%	3.48%
MSCI All Country World ex-U.S.	-3.77%	5.34%	20.39%	3.74%	2.58%	3.35%
MSCI EAFE	-4.11%	7.08%	25.65%	5.75%	3.24%	3.82%
MSCI EAFE (Local Currency)	-1.27%	10.67%	20.32%	10.81%	5.65%	6.75%
MSCI Emerging Markets	-2.93%	1.82%	11.70%	-1.73%	0.55%	2.07%
Equity Factors						
MSCI World Minimum Volatility (USD)	-2.80%	1.22%	11.43%	3.72%	4.62%	7.70%
MSCI World High Dividend Yield	-1.52%	2.76%	17.77%	8.85%	5.77%	6.65%
MSCI World Quality	-2.83%	18.15%	30.27%	8.75%	11.01%	11.95%
MSCI World Momentum	-2.96%	0.07%	13.22%	1.69%	5.87%	9.93%
MSCI World Enhanced Value	-0.22%	11.05%	29.22%	12.90%	3.96%	6.12%
MSCI World Index Growth	-4.86%	21.09%	26.86%	5.50%	9.70%	10.75%
MSCI USA Minimum Volatility (USD)	-2.04%	1.85%	11.84%	6.17%	6.98%	10.38%
MSCI USA High Dividend Yield	-2.09%	-1.37%	12.62%	8.24%	5.74%	9.48%
MSCI USA Quality	-1.40%	21.67%	32.96%	9.73%	12.11%	13.78%
MSCI USA Momentum	-2.84%	-2.89%	8.92%	-0.31%	4.88%	11.62%
MSCI USA Enhanced Value	-2.52%	1.89%	14.53%	10.30%	3.69%	8.41%
MSCI USA Equal Weighted	-4.03%	4.38%	14.51%	8.88%	6.85%	9.45%
MSCI USA Growth	-3.45%	29.07%	29.83%	7.65%	12.74%	14.51%

Returns of the Major Capital Markets						
	Period Ending 09/30/2023					
	Third Quarter	YTD	1-Year	3-Year ¹	5-Year ¹	10-Year ¹
Fixed Income						
Bloomberg Global Aggregate	-3.59%	-2.21%	2.24%	-6.93%	-1.62%	-0.44%
Bloomberg U.S. Aggregate	-3.23%	-1.21%	0.64%	-5.21%	0.10%	1.13%
Bloomberg U.S. Long Gov't	-11.79%	-8.50%	-9.04%	-15.66%	-2.78%	0.75%
Bloomberg U.S. Long Credit	-7.23%	-2.62%	2.54%	-8.97%	-0.23%	2.71%
Bloomberg U.S. Long Gov't/Credit	-9.37%	-5.40%	-2.93%	-11.90%	-1.21%	1.94%
Bloomberg U.S. TIPS	-2.60%	-0.78%	1.25%	-1.98%	2.12%	1.74%
Bloomberg U.S. High Yield	0.46%	5.86%	10.28%	1.76%	2.96%	4.24%
Bloomberg Global Treasury ex U.S.	-4.70%	-4.62%	1.92%	-9.65%	-3.74%	-2.01%
JP Morgan EMBI Global (Emerging Market)	-2.63%	1.09%	8.61%	-4.27%	-0.09%	2.24%
Commodities						
Bloomberg Commodity Index	4.71%	-3.44%	-1.30%	16.23%	6.13%	-0.75%
Goldman Sachs Commodity Index	15.98%	7.24%	10.93%	29.49%	5.57%	-2.53%
Hedge Funds						
HFRI Fund-Weighted Composite ²	0.84%	4.27%	6.69%	6.89%	5.03%	4.57%
HFRI Fund of Funds ²	0.69%	2.99%	4.77%	3.83%	3.42%	3.29%
Real Estate						
NAREIT U.S. Equity REITS	-7.13%	-2.14%	2.99%	5.76%	2.77%	5.96%
FTSE Global Core Infrastructure Index	-7.93%	-8.83%	-0.94%	2.77%	4.11%	6.25%
Private Equity						
Burgiss Private iQ Global Private Equity ³			-1.81%	19.78%	17.13%	15.20%

MSCI Indices show net total returns throughout this report. All other indices show gross total returns.

¹ Periods are annualized.

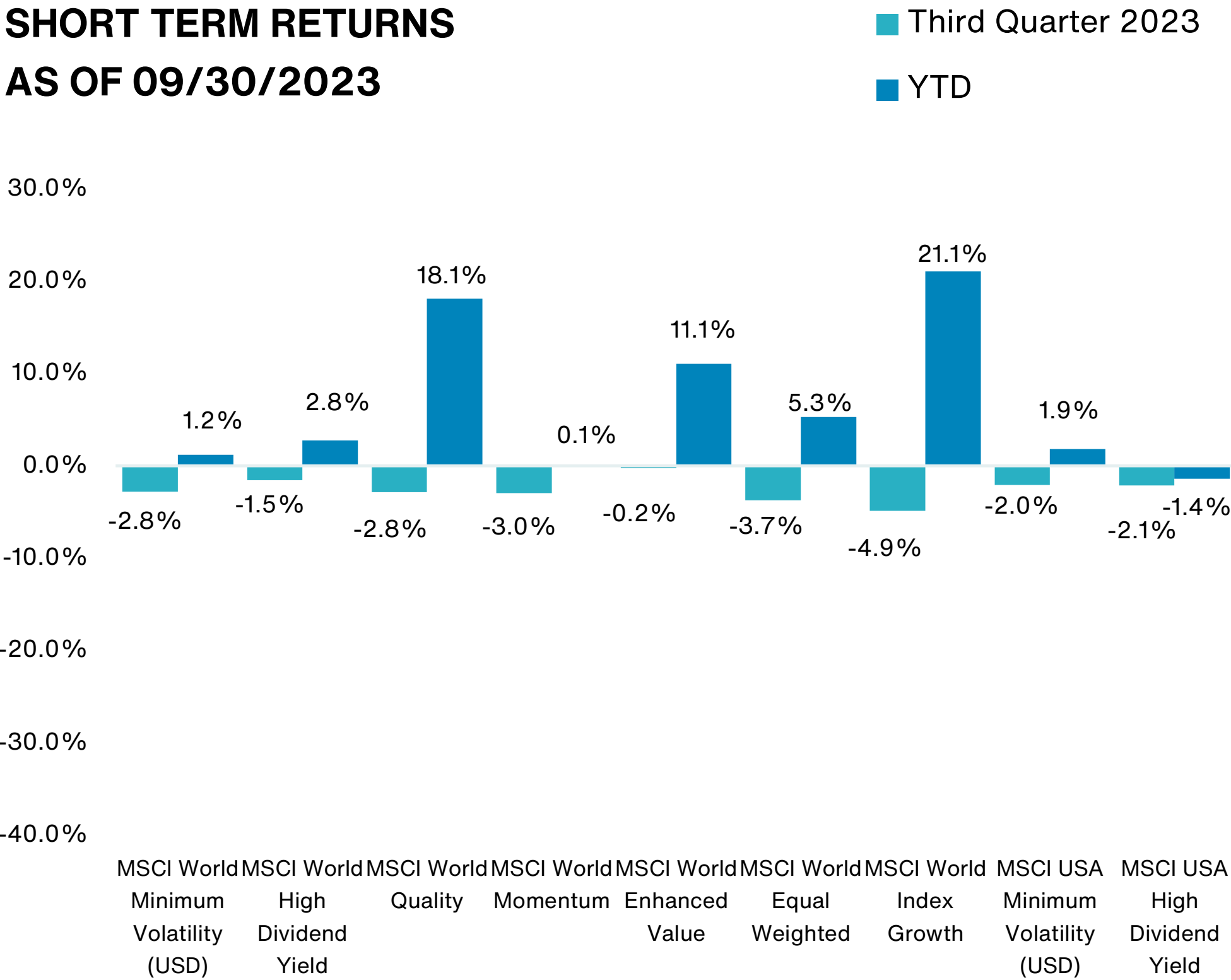
² Latest 5 months of HFR data are estimated by HFR and may change in the future.

³ Burgiss Private iQ Global Private Equity data is as at September 30, 2022

Past performance is no guarantee of future results. Indices cannot be invested in directly. Unmanaged index returns assume reinvestment of any and all distributions and do not reflect fees and expenses. Please see appendix for index definitions and other general disclosures.

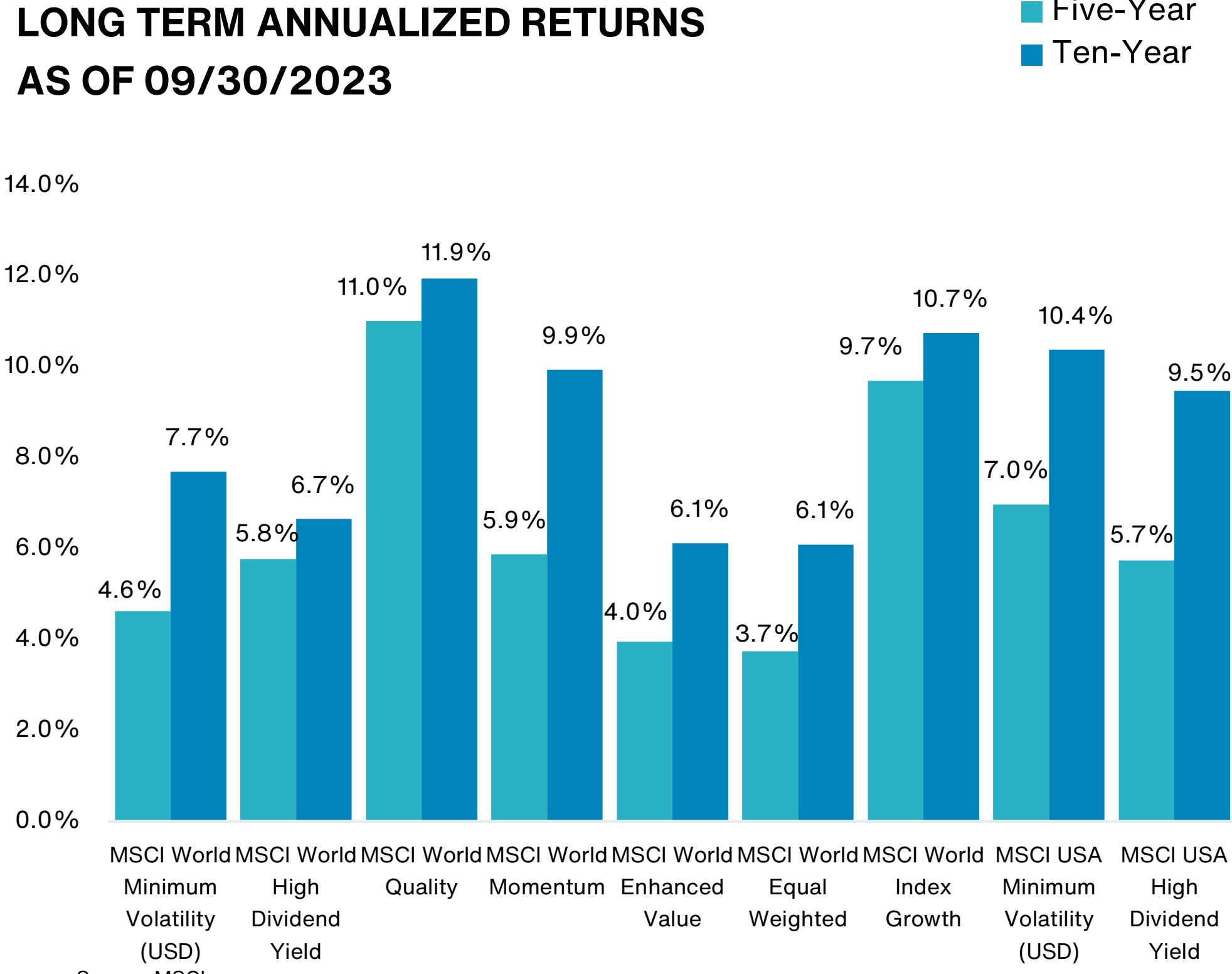
Factor Indices

SHORT TERM RETURNS AS OF 09/30/2023



Source: MSCI
MSCI Indices show net total returns throughout this report.
All other indices show gross total returns..

LONG TERM ANNUALIZED RETURNS AS OF 09/30/2023

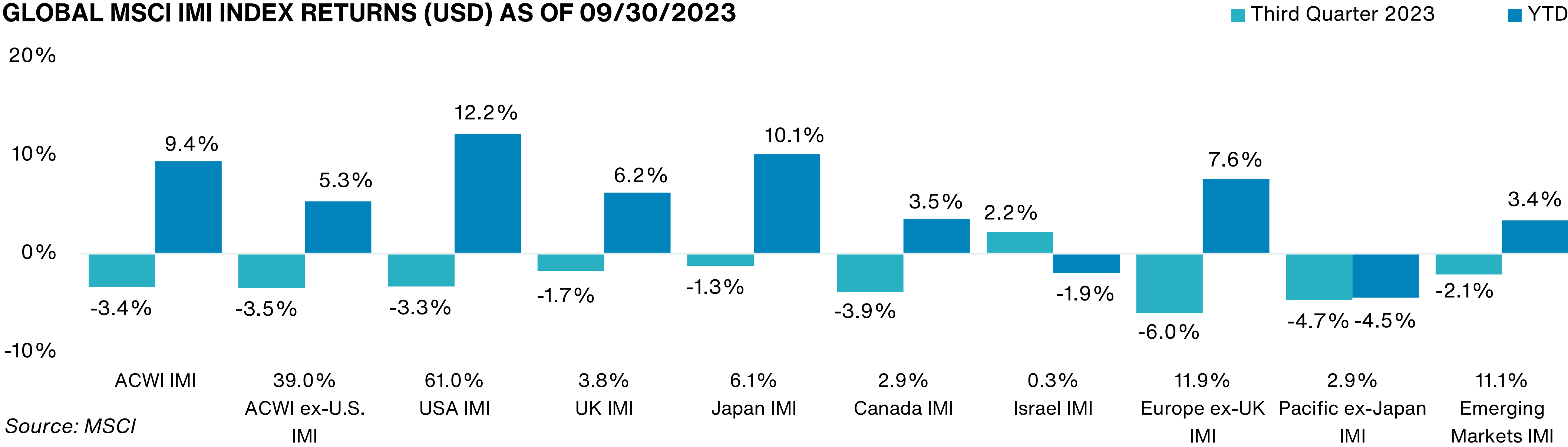


Source: MSCI
MSCI Indices show net total returns throughout this report. All other indices show gross total returns..

Past performance is no guarantee of future results. Indices cannot be invested in directly. Unmanaged index returns assume reinvestment of any and all distributions and do not reflect fees and expenses. Please see appendix for index definitions and other general disclosures.

Global Equity Markets

GLOBAL MSCI IMI INDEX RETURNS (USD) AS OF 09/30/2023

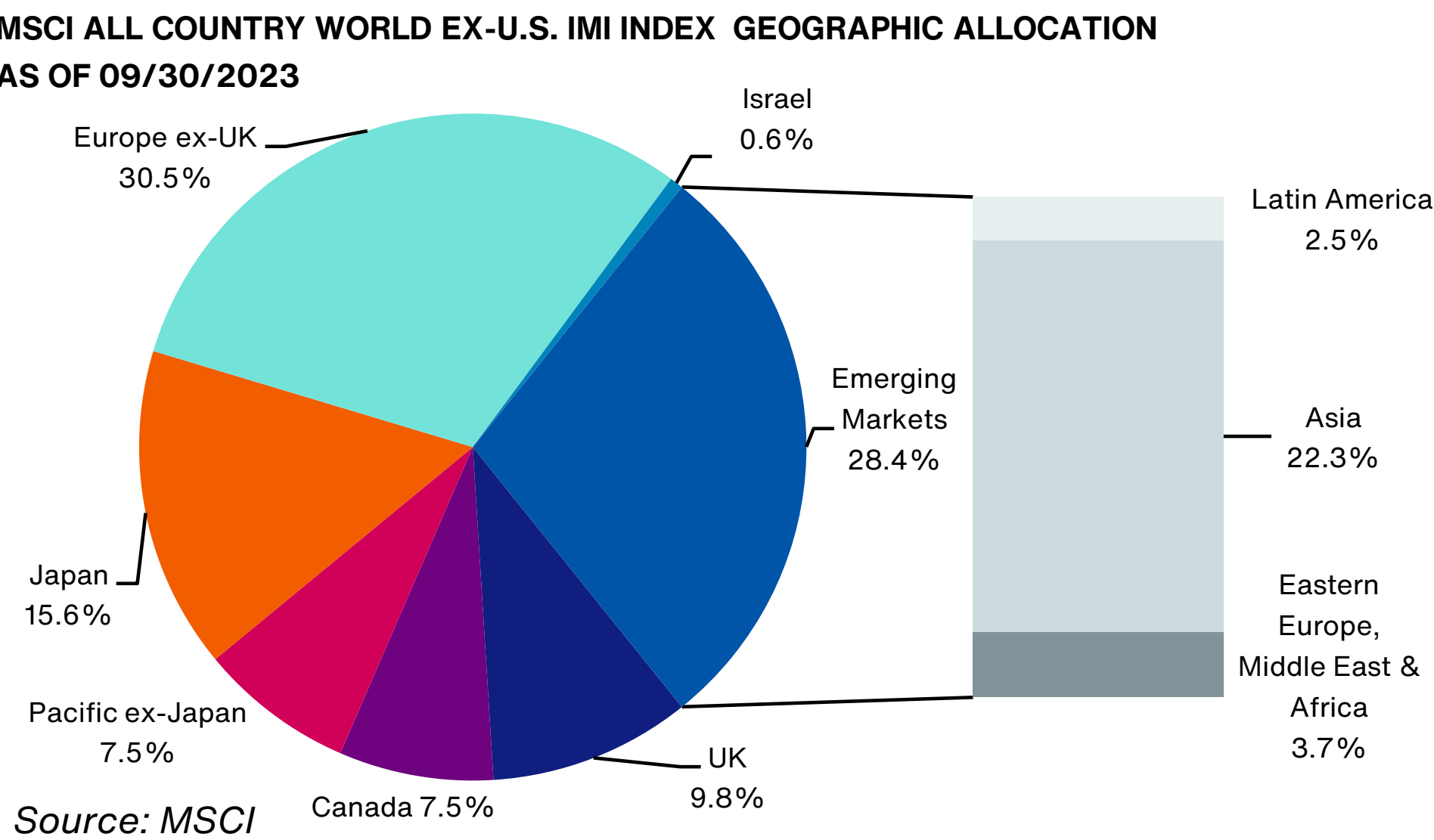
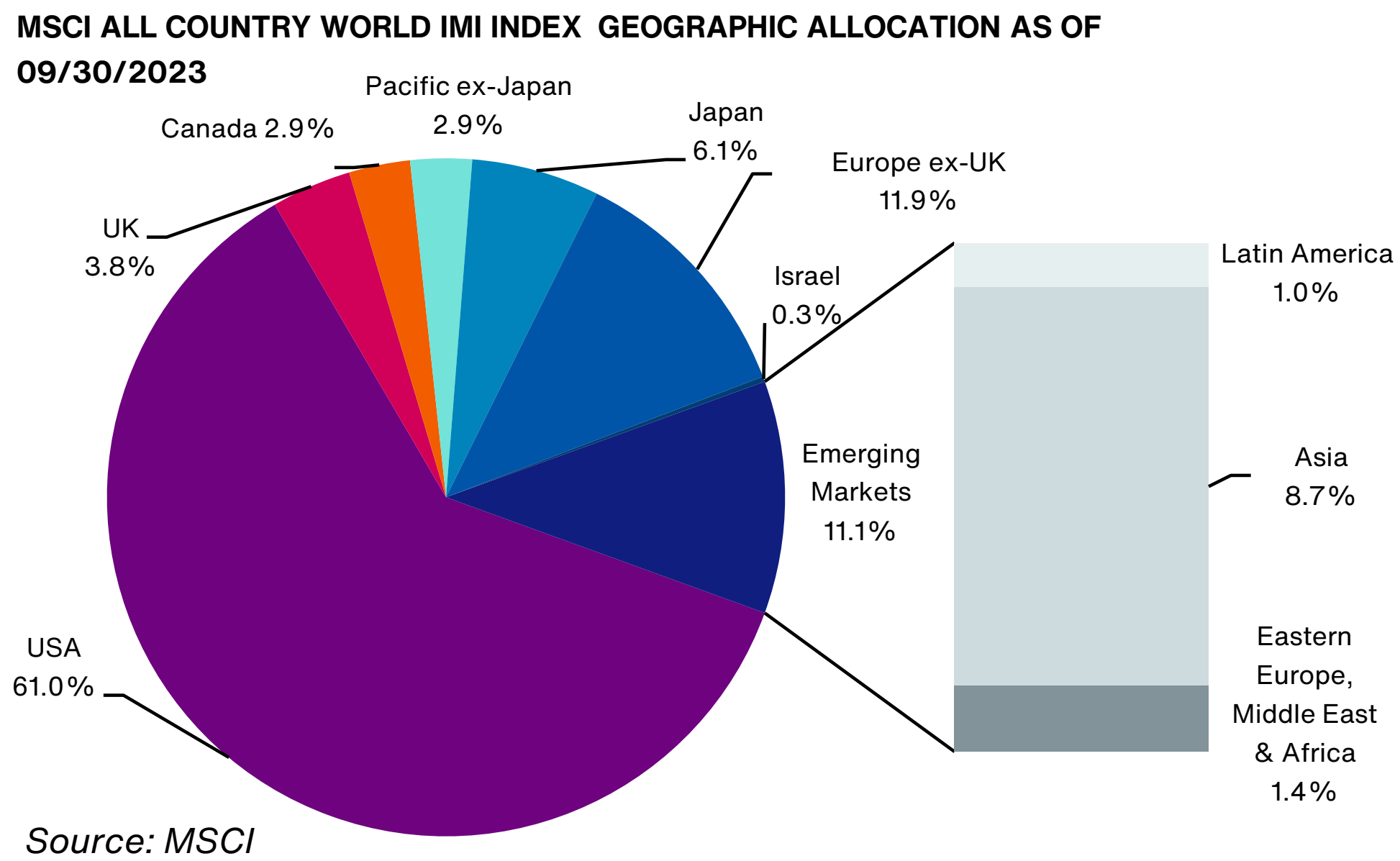


- In Q3 2023, global equity markets fell. Sovereign bond yields increased amidst expectations of interest rates staying higher for longer. Volatility rose over the quarter as the CBOE Volatility Index (VIX) rose to 17.5 in Q3 from 13.6 in the previous quarter, staying below its 20-year average of 19.1. The MSCI All Country World Investable Market Index (ACWI IMI) returned -3.4% for the quarter. However, it's up 9.4% on a YTD basis.
- Across international markets, all regions apart from Israel posted negative returns.
- Europe ex-UK IMI equities were the worst regional performer with a return of -6.0%. Economically sensitive sectors including Industrials and Consumer Discretionary underperformed during the quarter.

Past performance is no guarantee of future results. Indices cannot be invested in directly. Unmanaged index returns assume reinvestment of any and all distributions and do not reflect fees and expenses. Please see appendix for index definitions and other general disclosures.

Global Equity Markets

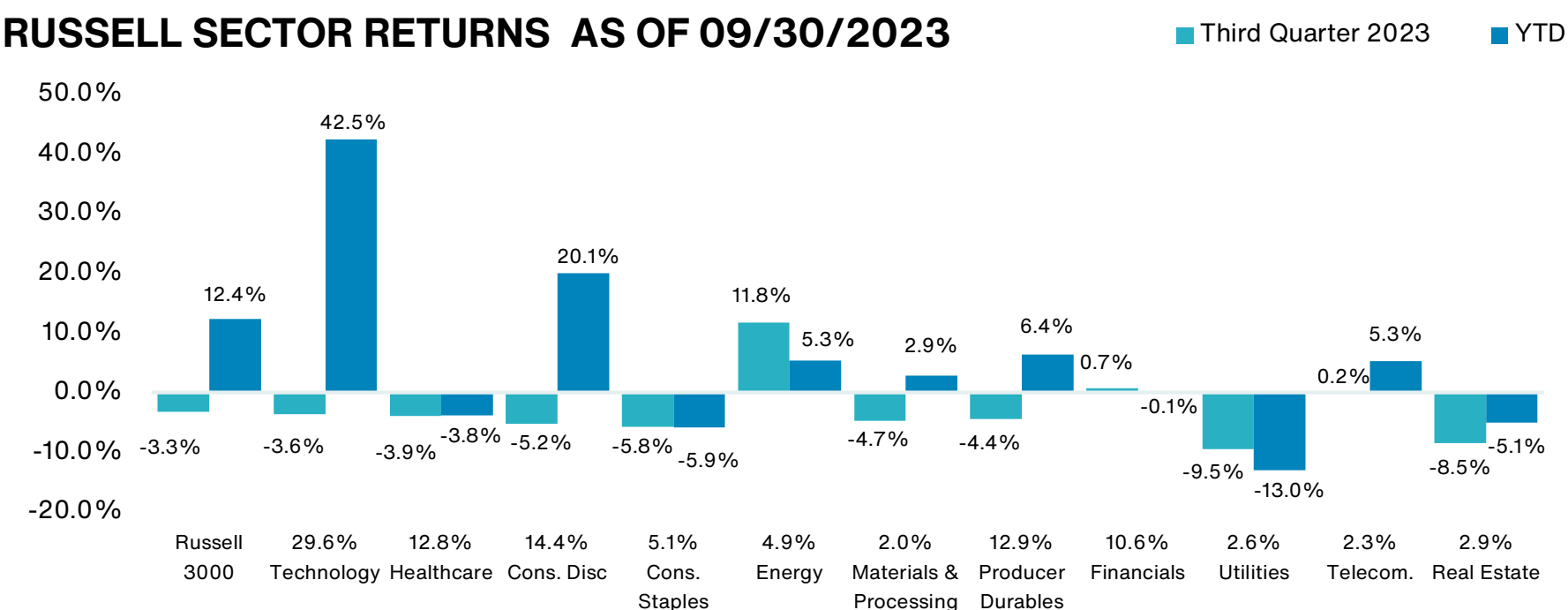
Below is the country/region breakdown of the global and international equity markets as measured by the MSCI All Country World IMI Index and the MSCI All Country World ex-U.S. IMI Index, respectively.



U.S. Equity Markets

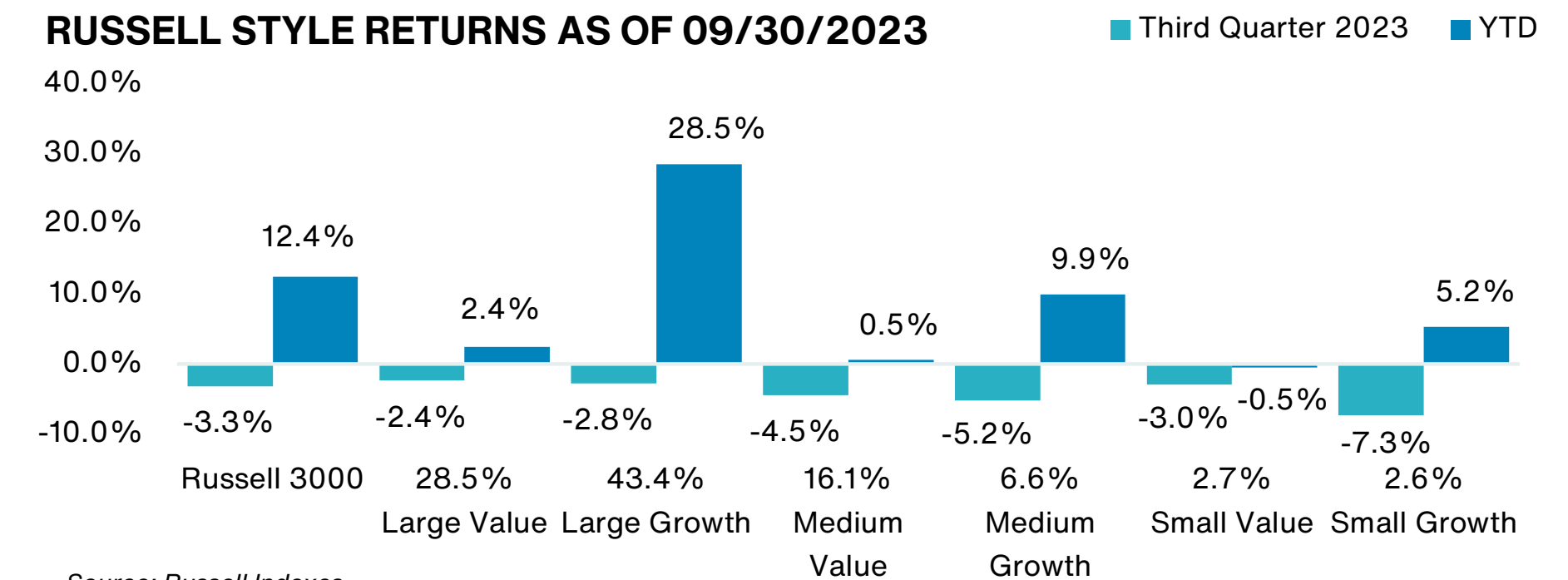
- U.S. equities had weak performance during the quarter with the S&P 500 index falling by 3.3% amidst expectations of interest rates staying higher for a longer duration.
- The U.S. Congress averted a government shutdown in a last-minute deal which saw U.S. lawmakers agree to pass a short-term deal to keep the government funded until mid-November. This deal however excludes aid for Ukraine, which House Speaker Kevin McCarthy pledged earlier this year. The House of Representatives voted 335-91 and the Senate voted 88-9 to pass the bill. The agreement marks a dramatic turnabout as the U.S. avoided a shutdown that would have furloughed hundreds of thousands of workers and stopped basic government functions.
- Earlier, Fitch downgraded the U.S. debt rating from AAA to AA+, citing “erosion of governance” over the past two decades. Fitch blamed worsening fiscal conditions for the U.S. government’s repeated debt limit stand-offs and last-minute resolutions.
- U.S. economic growth was relatively healthy as the economy expanded by an annualized rate of 2.1% in the second quarter, meeting economists’ expectations and slightly lower than the upwardly revised 2.2% growth recorded in the previous quarter. Despite a slowdown in consumer spending, strong business investment in inventories and fixed assets and encouraging government spending supported economic growth.
- The Russell 3000 Index fell 3.3% during the third quarter but rose 12.4% on a YTD basis. Energy (11.8%) and Financials (0.7%) were the best performers while Utilities (-9.5%) and Real Estate (-8.5%) were the worst performers.
- Medium-cap stocks underperformed in value whilst Small-cap stocks underperformed in growth over the quarter. On a style basis, growth underperformed value across market capitalization over the quarter.

RUSSELL SECTOR RETURNS AS OF 09/30/2023



Source: Russell Indexes

RUSSELL STYLE RETURNS AS OF 09/30/2023

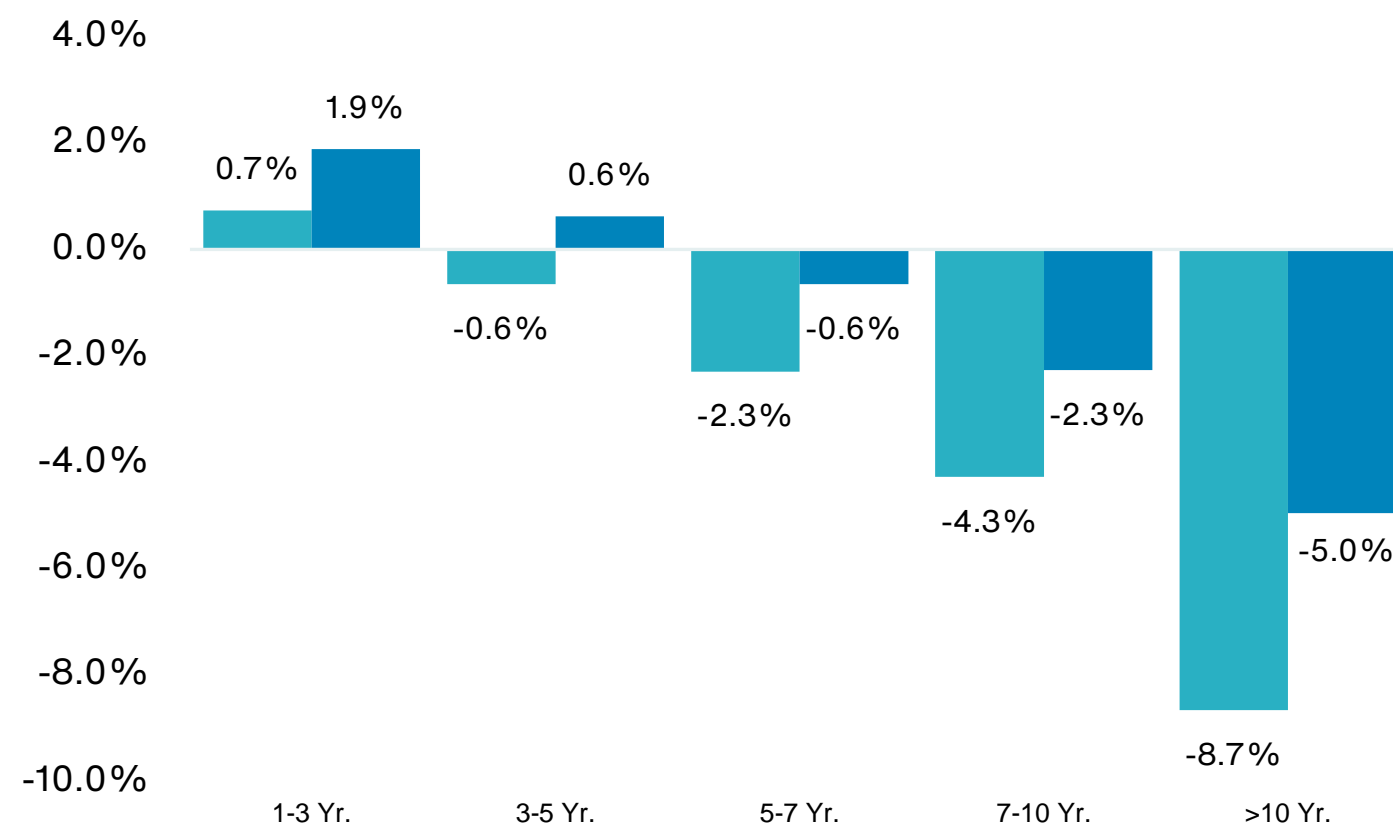


Source: Russell Indexes

Past performance is no guarantee of future results. Indices cannot be invested in directly. Unmanaged index returns assume reinvestment of any and all distributions and do not reflect fees and expenses. Please see appendix for index definitions and other general disclosures.

U.S. Fixed Income Markets

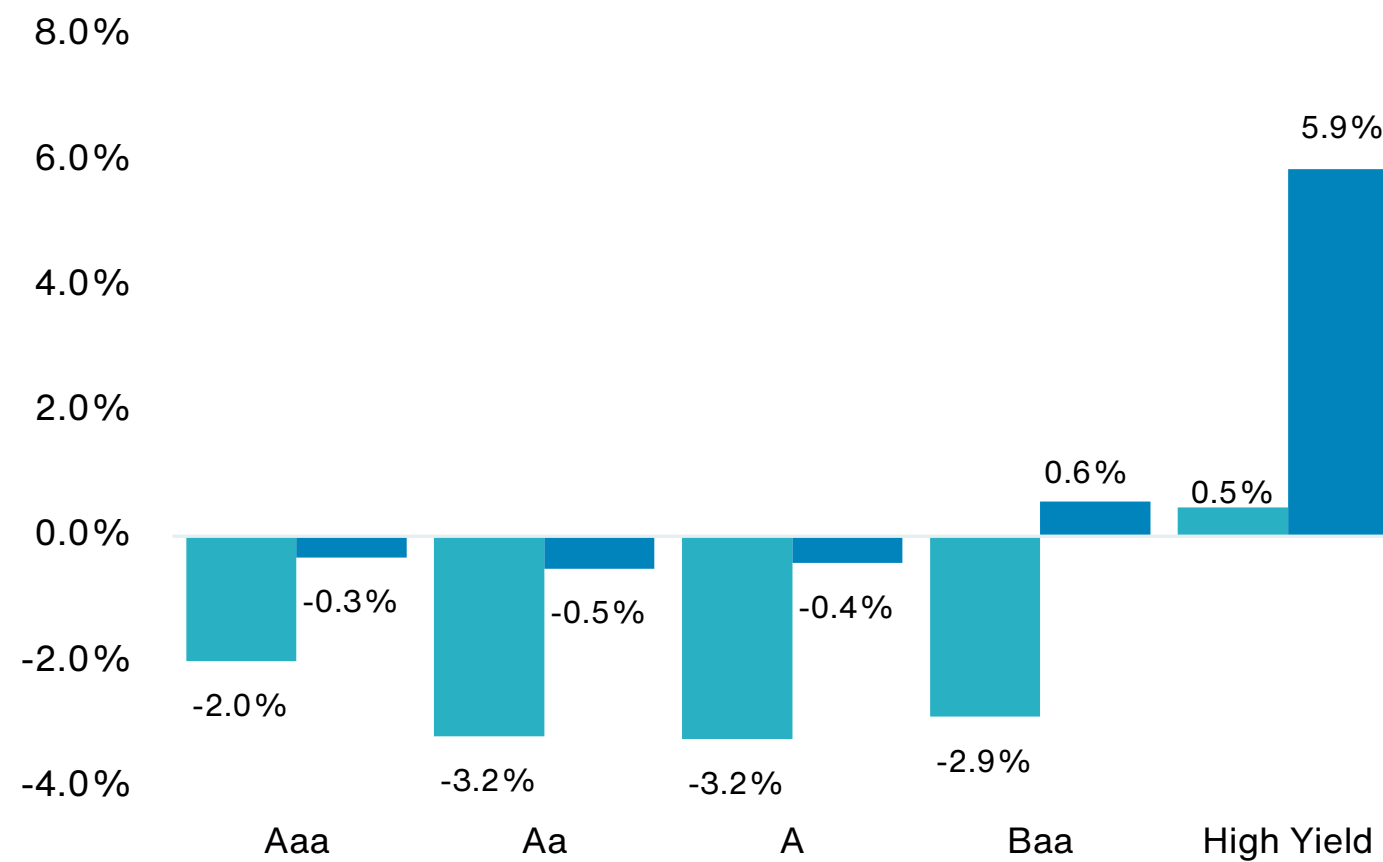
BLOOMBERG AGGREGATE RETURNS BY MATURITY AS OF 09/30/2023



Source: FactSet

Third Quarter 2023 YTD

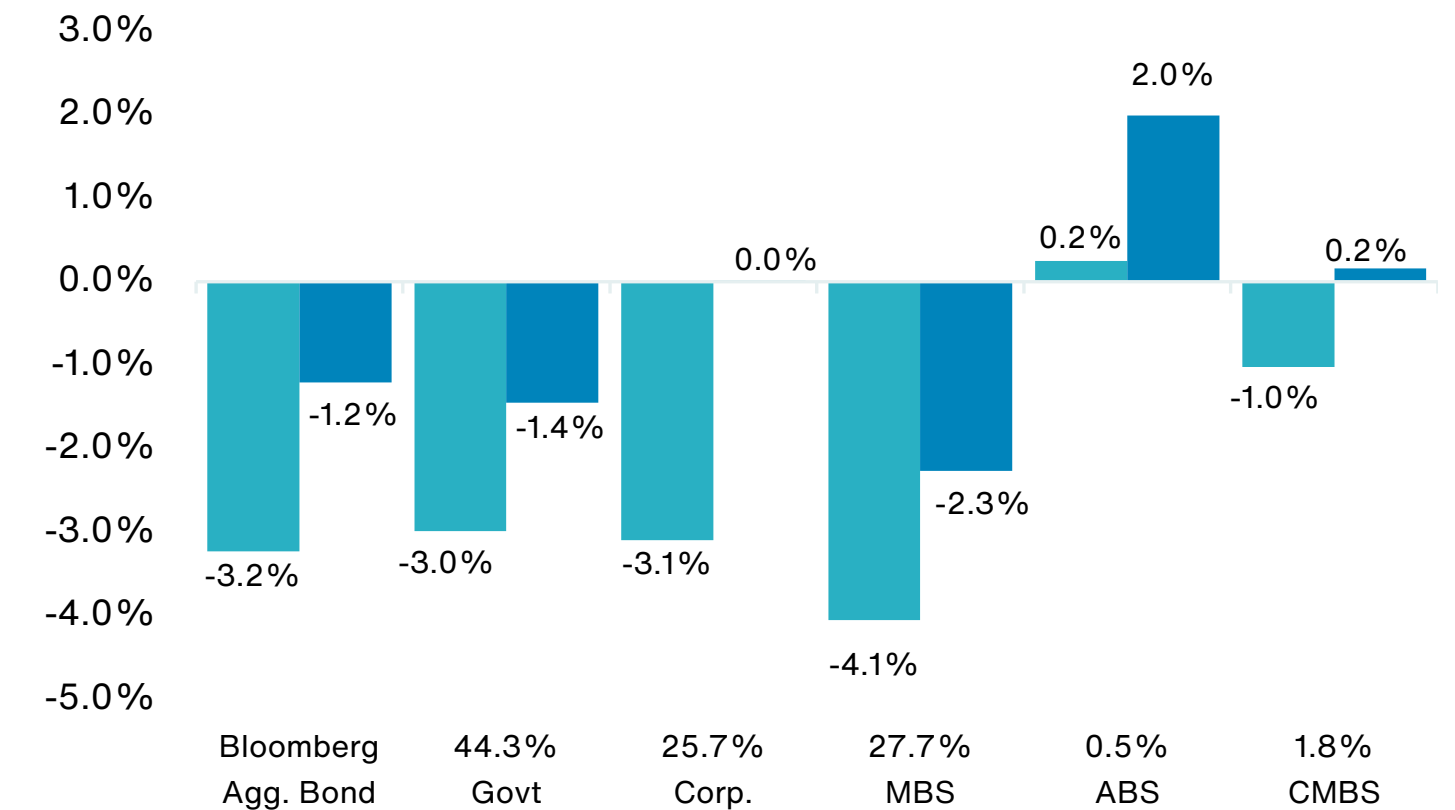
BLOOMBERG AGGREGATE RETURNS BY QUALITY AND HIGH YIELD RETURNS AS OF 09/30/2023



Source: FactSet

Third Quarter 2023 YTD

BLOOMBERG AGGREGATE RETURNS BY SECTOR AS OF 09/30/2023



Source: FactSet

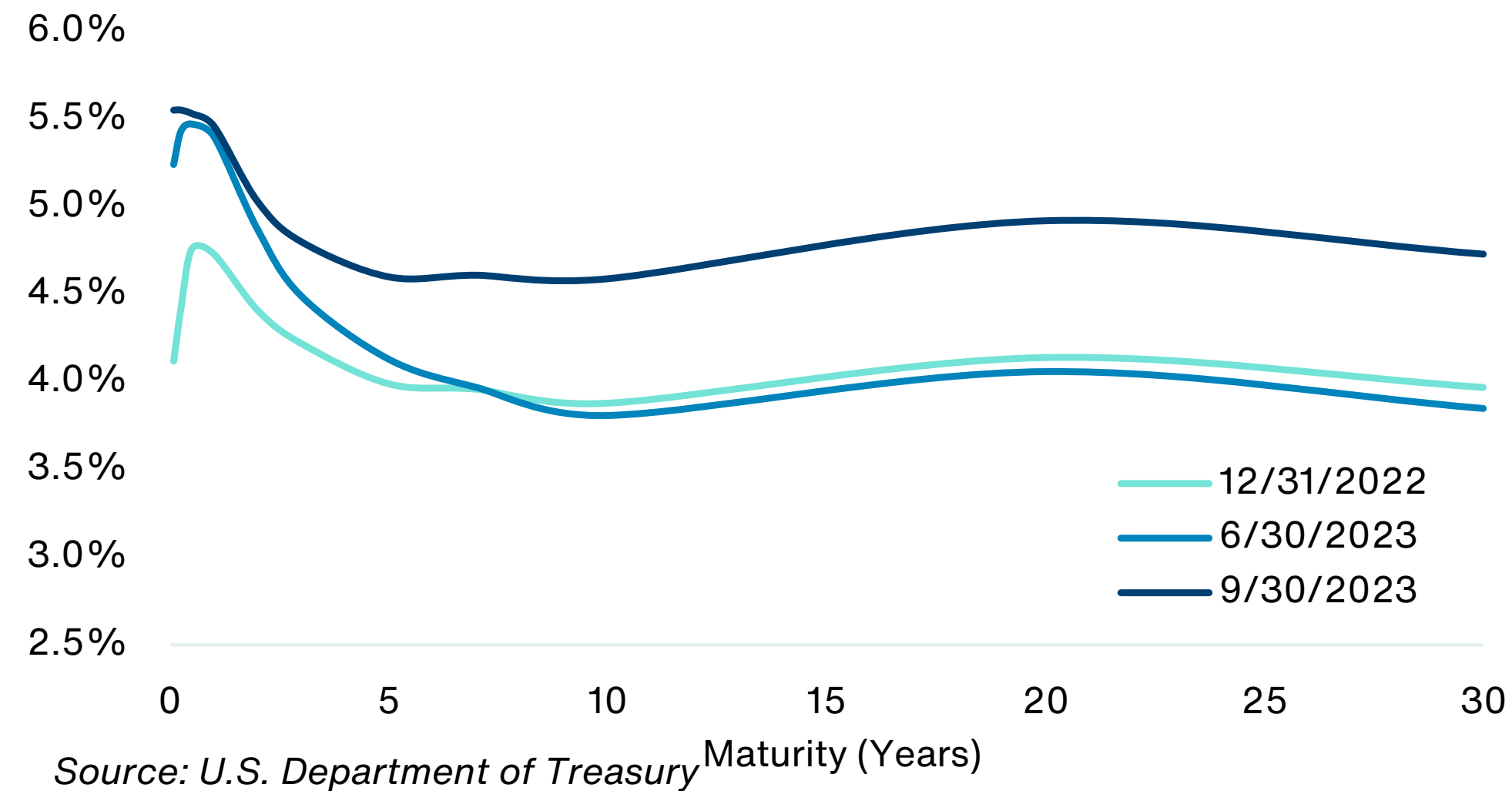
Third Quarter 2023 YTD

- The U.S. Federal Reserve (Fed) increased its benchmark interest rate by 25bps to a range of 5.25%-5.5% over the quarter, representing the highest level in more than 22 years. The Federal Open Market Committee (FOMC) indicated that inflation remained “elevated” and that the economy was growing at a “moderate pace”. Fed chair Jerome Powell signaled that future Fed decisions would be based on “careful assessments” on a “meeting by meeting” basis.
- The Bloomberg U.S. Aggregate Bond Index was down 3.2% over the quarter and down 1.2% on a YTD basis.
- Across durations, all maturities finished the quarter in negative territory except the short-term maturities.
- Within investment-grade bonds, higher credit quality generally outperformed lower-quality issues, with Aaa bonds comparatively falling less. High-yield bonds rose by 0.5%.

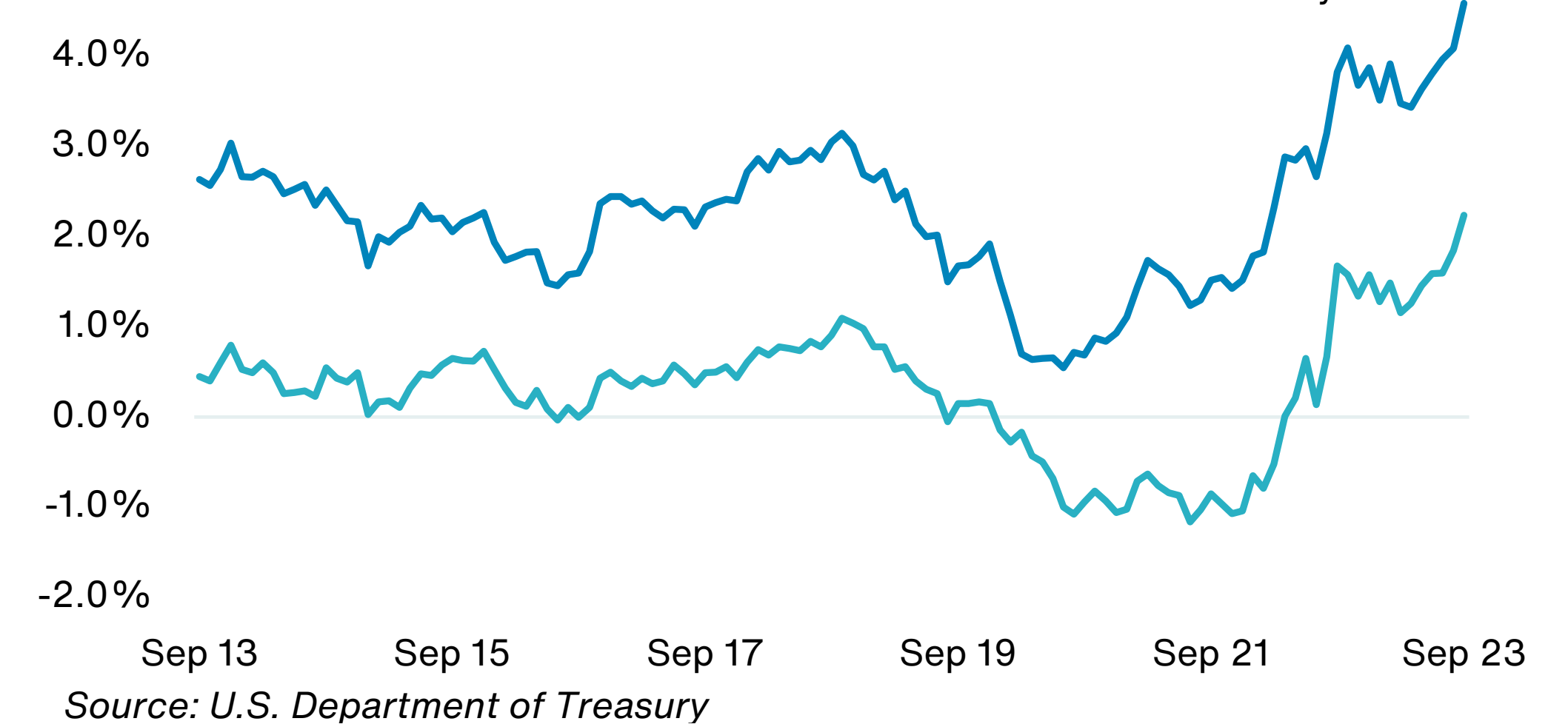
Past performance is no guarantee of future results. Indices cannot be invested in directly. Unmanaged index returns assume reinvestment of any and all distributions and do not reflect fees and expenses. Please see appendix for index definitions and other general disclosures.

U.S. Fixed Income Markets

U.S. TREASURY YIELD CURVE



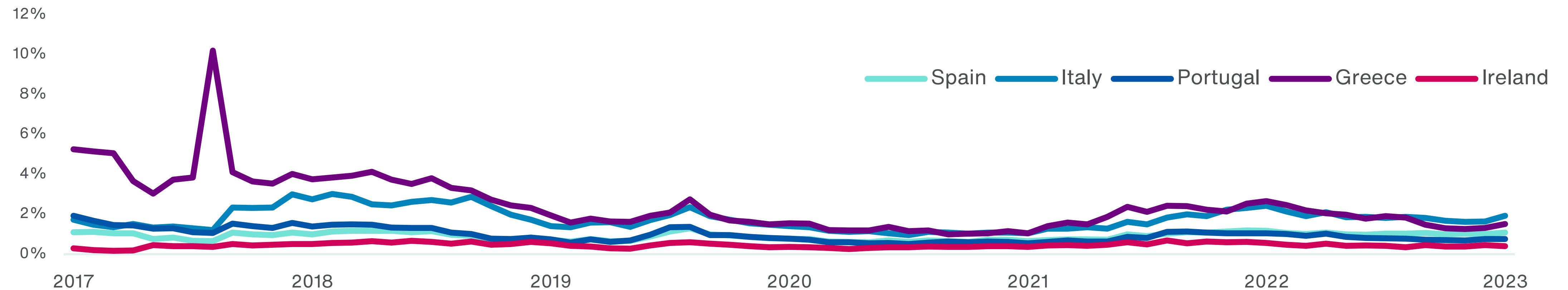
U.S. 10-YEAR TREASURY AND TIPS YIELDS



- U.S. Treasury yields rose significantly across maturities as the yield curve shifted upwards over the quarter. The 10-year Treasury yield was up by 78bps to 4.59%, and the 30-year Treasury yield was up by 88bps to 4.73% over the quarter.
- U.S. inflation rose more than expected as the U.S. annual consumer price index (CPI) increased by 3.7% in August, up from the 3.2% recorded in July and slightly higher than economists' expectation of a 3.6% increase. Higher price pressure was driven by rising fuel and housing costs. However, core CPI, which excludes food and energy costs, rose 4.3% year-on-year in August, slowing from the 4.7% recorded in July.
- The 10-year TIPS yield rose by 65bps over the quarter to 2.24%.

European Fixed Income Markets

EUROZONE PERIPHERAL BOND SPREADS (10-YEAR SPREADS OVER GERMAN BUNDS)



- European government bond spreads over 10-year German bunds widened across the Euro Area. The European Central Bank (ECB) raised its deposit rates by 50bps to 4%, touching an all-time high with its tenth consecutive rate increase. The Governing Council signalled that interest rates could have peaked and might be held for a sufficiently longer duration to bring inflation down to the 2% target.
- Greek and Italian government bond yields rose by 63bps and 66bps to 4.34% and 4.74% respectively over the quarter whilst Irish and Spanish government bond yields rose by 42bps and 50bps to 3.22% and 3.90% respectively.
- German bund yields rose by 41bps to 2.82% over the quarter.
- Eurozone headline inflation touched its lowest level since October 2021 as the consumer price index rose 4.3% in September, below the previous month's rate of 5.2% and lower than economists' expectations of 4.5%. Core inflation, which excludes volatile energy and food prices, fell sharply to 4.5% in the year to September, down from 5.3% in August, and below economists' expectations of 4.8%.

Credit Spreads

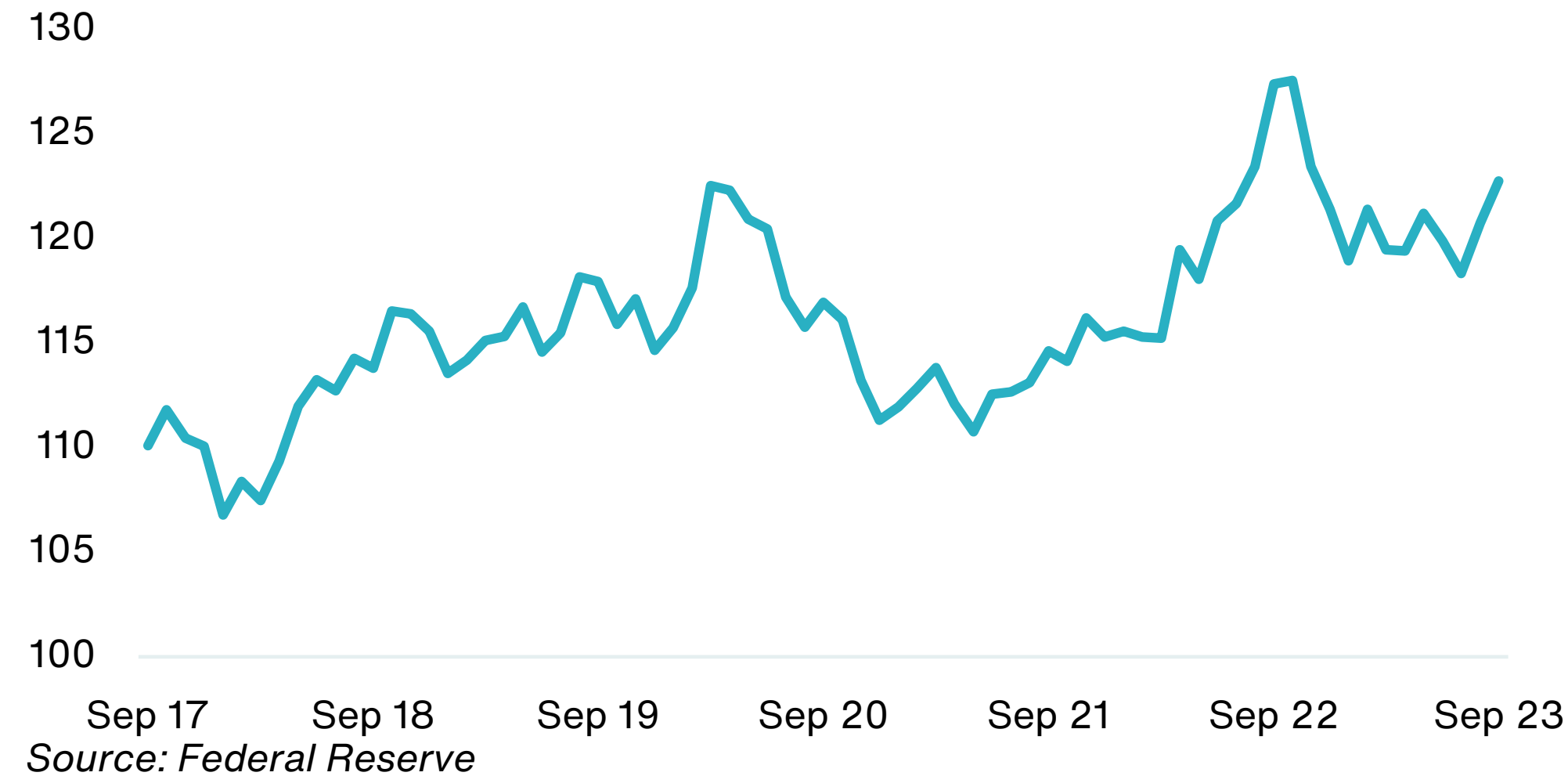
Spread (bps)	9/30/2023	6/30/2023	3/31/2023	Quarterly Change (bps)	YTD
U.S. Aggregate	52	49	51	3	1
Long Gov't	0	1	2	-1	-2
Long Credit	133	148	157	-15	-24
Long Gov't/Credit	71	79	87	-8	-16
MBS	66	52	51	14	15
CMBS	130	134	120	-4	10
ABS	67	68	76	-1	-9
Corporate	121	123	130	-2	-9
High Yield	394	390	469	4	-75
Global Emerging Markets	313	320	332	-7	-19

Source: FactSet, Bloomberg

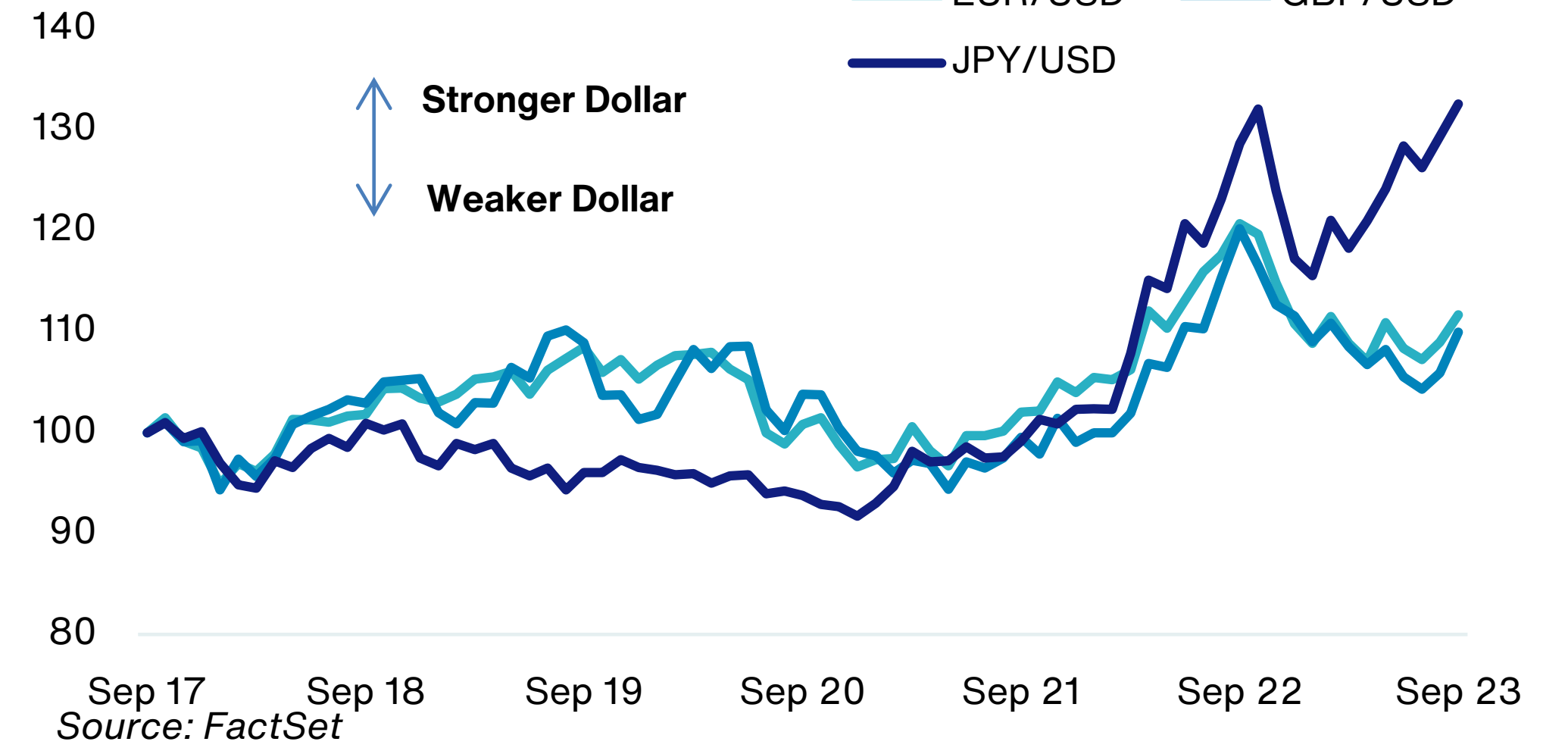
- Credit markets fell amid risk-averse sentiment during the quarter, with spreads mixed.
- MBS and High Yield spreads widened by 14bps and 4bps respectively. Meanwhile, Long Credit and Long Gov't/ Credit spreads narrowed by 15bps and 8bps respectively.

Currency

**TRADE WEIGHTED U.S. DOLLAR INDEX
(2006 = 100)**



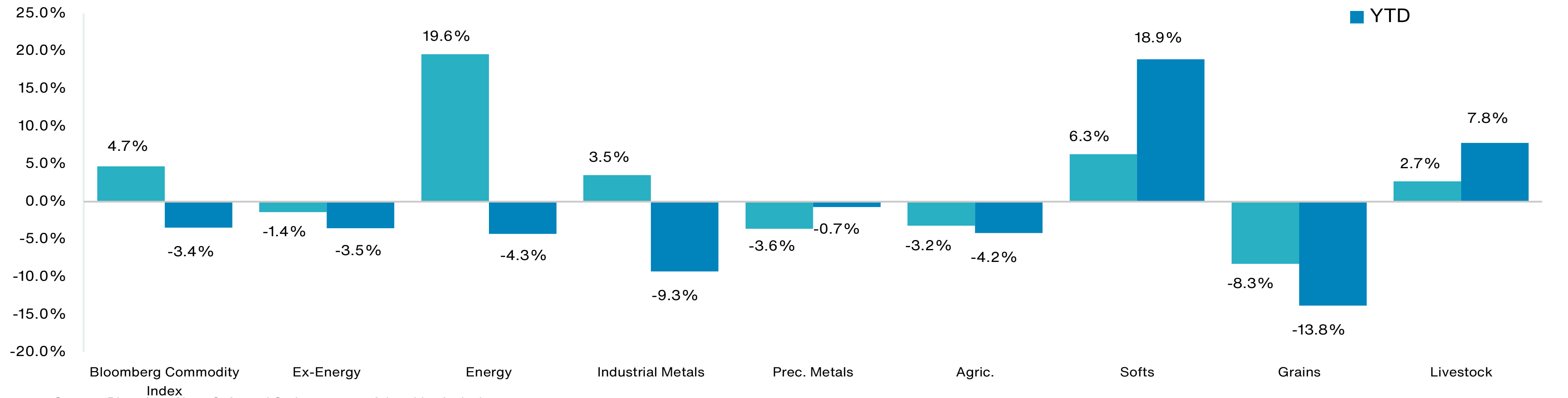
**U.S. DOLLAR RELATIVE TO EUR, GBP AND JPY
REBASED TO 100 AT 09/30/2017**



- The U.S. Dollar strengthened against all major currencies over the quarter. On a trade-weighted basis, the U.S. dollar appreciated by 2.4%.
- Sterling depreciated by 4.2% against the U.S. dollar. The Bank of England (BoE) raised its benchmark interest rate by 25bps to 5.25% over the quarter. Andrew Bailey, the BoE governor, indicated that any future interest rate increase would be based on evidence of persistent inflationary pressures. The BoE agreed to increase its current quantitative tightening pace of £80bn to £100bn in 2023-24.
- The U.S. dollar appreciated by 3.0% against the Euro and by 3.2% against the yen.

Commodities

COMMODITY RETURNS AS OF 09/30/2023

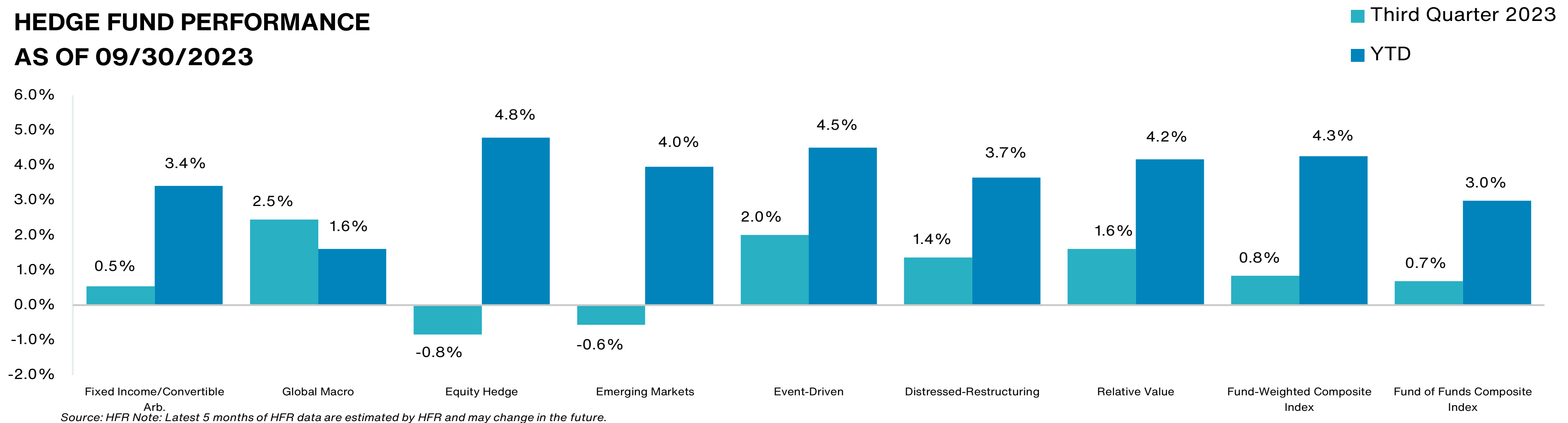


- Commodity prices rose over the quarter with the Bloomberg Commodity Index rising by 4.7% for the quarter.
- The energy sector outperformed as it rose 19.6% over the quarter but fell 4.3% on a YTD basis. The price of WTI crude oil was significantly up by 28.5% to U.S.\$91/BBL.
- Precious Metals fell the most over the quarter at -3.6%.
- Meanwhile, Opec+ member Russia announced “voluntary” additional oil production cuts of 500,000 b/d in August while Saudi Arabia extended its 1mn b/d production cut for another month. Oil prices reached above \$90 a barrel for the first time since the start of the year, after Saudi Arabia and Russia extended their production and export cuts to the end of the year.

Past performance is no guarantee of future results. Indices cannot be invested in directly. Unmanaged index returns assume reinvestment of any and all distributions and do not reflect fees and expenses. Please see appendix for index definitions and other general disclosures.

Hedge Funds Market Overview

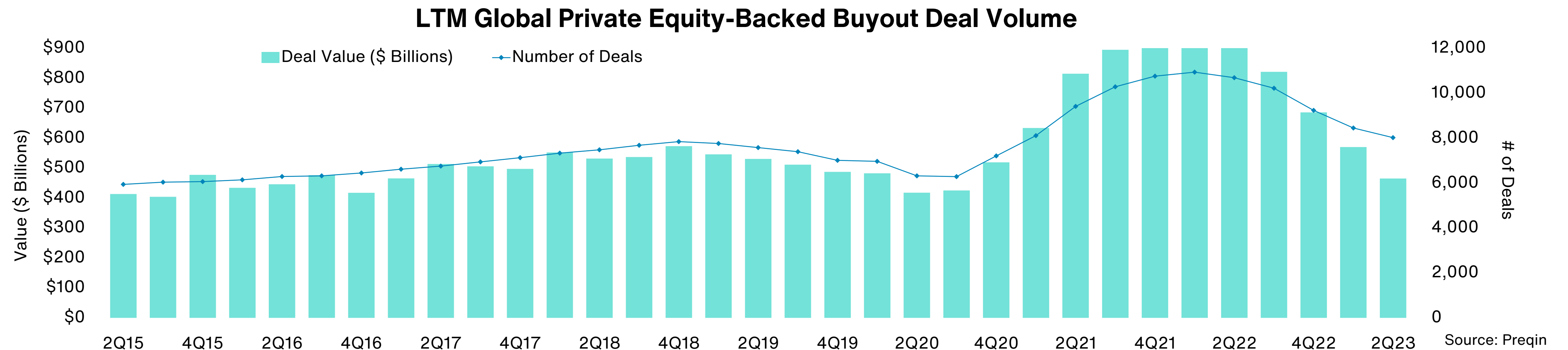
HEDGE FUND PERFORMANCE AS OF 09/30/2023



- Hedge fund performance was positive over the quarter except for Equity Hedge and Emerging Markets.
- The HFRI Fund-Weighted Composite and HFRI Fund of Funds Composite Index produced returns of 0.8% and 0.7% over the quarter, respectively.
- Over the quarter, the Global Macro strategy was the best performer with a return of 2.5%.
- Equity Hedge was the worst performer with a return of -0.8% over the quarter.
- On a YTD basis, Equity Hedge has outperformed all other strategies whilst Global Macro has performed the worst.

Past performance is no guarantee of future results. Indices cannot be invested in directly. Unmanaged index returns assume reinvestment of any and all distributions and do not reflect fees and expenses. Please see appendix for index definitions and other general disclosures.

Private Equity Overview – Second Quarter 2023

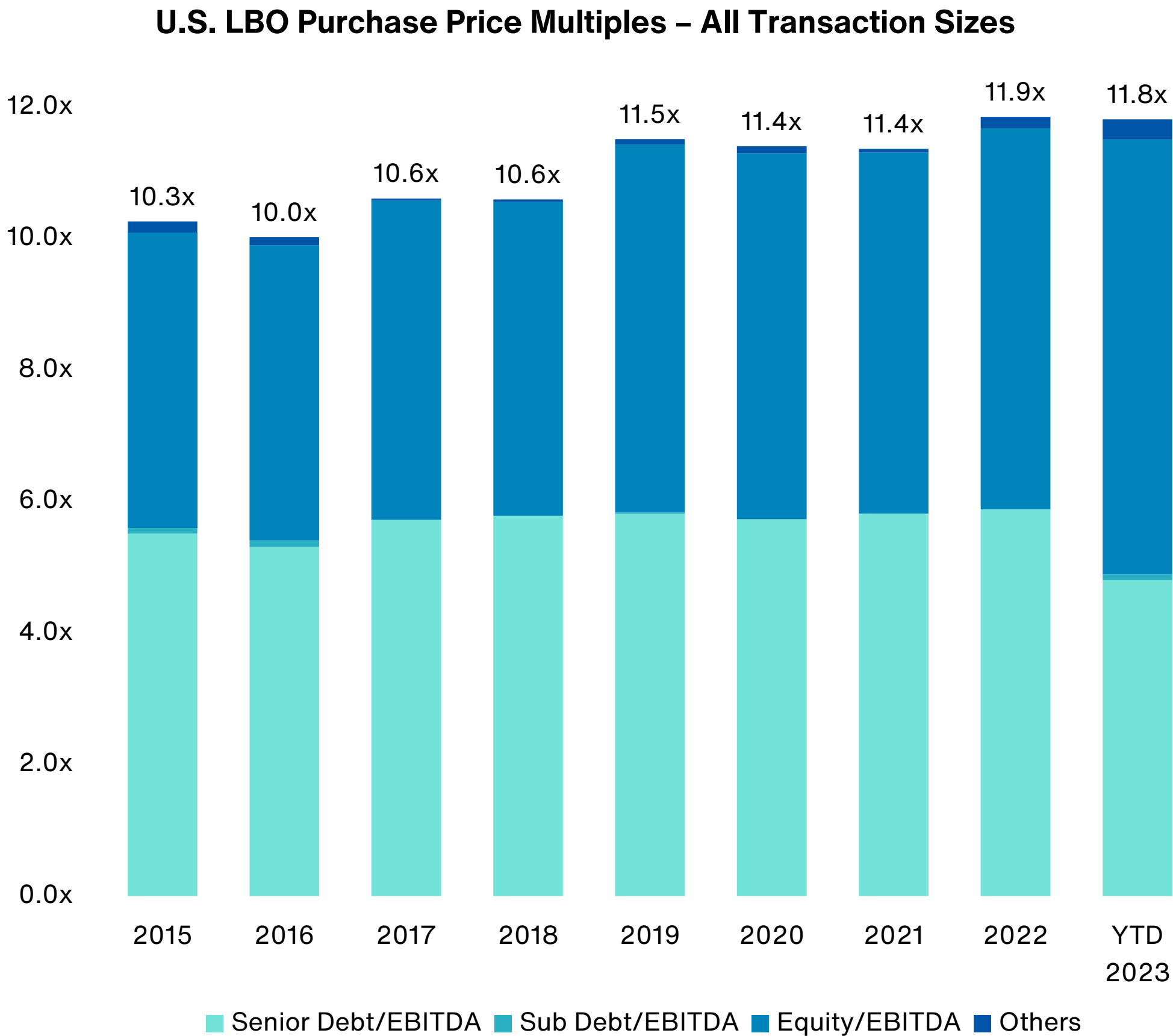


- **Fundraising:** In Q2 2023, \$228.1 billion was raised by 553 funds, which was a decrease of 23.7% on a capital basis but an increase of 3.6% by number of funds from the prior quarter. Dry powder stood at \$3.1 trillion at the end of the quarter, an increase of 4.1% and 30.9% compared to year-end 2022 and the five-year average, respectively.¹
- **Buyout:** Global private equity-backed buyout deals totaled \$107.3 billion in Q2 2023, which was a decrease on a capital basis of 17.1% compared to Q1 2023 and a decrease of 32.6% compared to the five-year quarterly average.¹ During the quarter, the average purchase price multiple for all U.S. LBOs was 11.3x EBITDA, down from Q1 2023's average of 12.4x and equal to the five-year average (11.3x). The YTD average purchase price multiple ended Q2 2023 at 11.8x. Large cap purchase price multiples stood at 11.3x, down compared to the full-year 2022 level of 11.8x. The average purchase price multiple across European transactions greater than €1B averaged 10.3x EBITDA on an LTM basis as of Q2 2023, down from the 10.7x multiple seen at the end of Q1 2023. Purchase prices for transactions of €500M or greater decreased from 10.1x at Q1 2023 to 9.6x on an LTM basis ending Q2 2023.² Globally, buyout exit value totaled \$106.2 billion across 440 deals during the quarter, significantly higher than the \$29.6 billion in value from 383 deals during Q1 2023.¹
- **Venture:** During the quarter, 3,011 venture-backed transactions totaling \$39.8 billion were completed, which was a decrease on both a capital and deal count basis over the prior quarter's total of \$45.8 billion across 3,503 deals. This was also a decrease of 26.1% compared to the five-year quarterly average of \$53.9 billion. Total U.S. venture-backed exit value continued to fall, totaling approximately \$5.5 billion across an estimated 279 completed transactions in Q2 2023, down from \$18.0 billion across 380 exits in Q2 2022.³

Sources: 1 Preqin 2 Standard & Poor's 3 PitchBook/NVCA Venture Monitor 4 Fitch Ratings 5 Jefferies

Notes: FY=Fiscal year ended 12/31; YTD=Year to date; LTM=Last 12 months (aka trailing 12 months); PPM=Purchase Price Multiples: Total Purchase Price ÷ EBITDA.

Private Equity Overview



Source: S&P

- **Mezzanine:** 7 funds closed on \$18.1 billion during the quarter. This was a decrease from the prior quarter’s total of \$21.0 billion raised by 8 funds but represented an increase of 189.5% from the five-year quarterly average of \$6.2 billion. Estimated dry powder was \$66.0 billion at the end of Q2 2023, up from \$63.8 billion at the end of the prior quarter.¹
- **Distressed Debt:** The TTM U.S. high-yield default rate was 2.6% as of June 2023, which was up from March 2023’s TTM rate of 1.8%. Fitch expects the high-yield default rate to continue trending higher through 2023.⁴ During the quarter, \$7.3 billion was raised by 11 funds, down from the \$11.2 billion raised by 15 funds during Q1 2023. Dry powder was estimated at \$156.6 billion at the end of Q2 2023, which was up 4.5% from Q1 2023. This remained above the five-year annual average level of \$140.3 billion.¹
- **Secondaries:** 11 funds raised \$5.6 billion during Q2 2023, down substantially from the \$36.7 billion raised by 18 funds in Q1 2023. This was a decrease of 53.4% compared to the five-year quarterly average of \$11.9 billion.¹ The average discount rate for LP buyout and venture capital portfolios finished the quarter at 10.0% and 31.0%, respectively.⁵
- **Infrastructure:** \$4.5 billion of capital was raised by 11 funds in Q2 2023 compared to \$4.5 billion of capital raised by 16 partnerships in Q1 2023. This was a significant decrease from the \$55.8 billion raised by 40 funds in Q2 2022. Infrastructure managers completed 443 deals for an aggregate deal value of \$49.5 billion in the second quarter compared to 470 deals totaling \$72.0 billion in Q1 2023.¹
- **Natural Resources:** During Q2 2023, 3 funds closed on \$1.9 billion compared to 6 funds totaling \$1.1 billion in Q1 2023. Energy and utilities industry managers completed 49 deals totaling \$6.7 billion in Q2 2023, an increase, on a value basis, compared to 50 deals totaling \$3.4 billion completed in Q1 2023.¹

Sources: 1 Preqin 2 Standard & Poor’s 3 PitchBook/NVCA Venture Monitor 4 Fitch Ratings 5 Jefferies

Appendix

Index Definitions

Index	Definition
MSCI AC World Index	The MSCI ACWI Index, MSCI's flagship global equity index, is designed to represent performance of the full opportunity set of large- and mid-cap stocks across 23 developed and 24 emerging markets. As of May 2022, it covers more than 2,933 constituents across 11 sectors and approximately 85% of the free float-adjusted market capitalization in each market.
S&P 500	The S&P 500® is widely regarded as the best single gauge of large-cap U.S. equities and serves as the foundation for a wide range of investment products. The index includes 500 leading companies and captures approximately 80% coverage of available market capitalization.
HFRI Fund Weighted Composite	The HFRI Fund Weighted Composite Index is a global, equal-weighted index of single-manager funds that report to HFR Database. Constituent funds report monthly net of all fees performance in US Dollar and have a minimum of \$50 Million under management or \$10 Million under management and a twelve (12) month track record of active performance. The HFRI Fund Weighted Composite Index does not include Funds of Hedge Funds.
Russell 3000 Index	The Russell 3000 Index is a market-capitalization-weighted equity index that seeks to track 3000 of the largest U.S.-traded stocks.
Russell 2000 Index	The Russell 2000 Index measures the performance of the small-cap segment of the U.S. equity universe. The Russell 2000 Index is a subset of the Russell 3000® Index representing approximately 10% of the total market capitalization of that index. It includes approximately 2000 of the smallest securities based on a combination of their market cap and current index membership.
MSCI All Country World Investable Market Index	A capitalization-weighted index of stocks representing approximately 49 developed and emerging countries, including the U.S. and Canadian markets and covering all investable large-, mid- and small-cap securities.
MSCI Emerging Markets Investable Market Index	A capitalization-weighted index of stocks representing approximately 26 emerging countries, and covering all investable large-, mid- and small-cap securities.
Dow Jones U.S. Total Stock Market Index	A capitalization-weighted index of stocks representing all U.S. equity eligible securities.
MSCI World Index	A free float-adjusted market capitalization weighted index that is designed to measure the equity market performance of developed markets, representing 24 developed market country indices.
MSCI USA Value/Growth	The MSCI USA Value/Growth Index captures U.S. large and mid cap securities exhibiting overall value/growth style characteristics. The value investment style characteristics for index construction are defined using three variables: book value to price, 12-month forward earnings to price and dividend yield. The growth investment style characteristics for index construction are defined using five variables: long-term forward EPS growth rate, short-term forward EPS growth rate, current internal growth rate and long-term historical EPS growth trend and long-term historical sales per share growth trend.
Bank of America Merrill Lynch U.S. Corporate Index	An unmanaged index considered representative of fixed-income obligations issued by U.S. corporates.
Bank of America Merrill Lynch U.S. High Yield Index	An unmanaged index considered representative of sub-investment grade fixed-income obligations issued by U.S. corporates.
Bloomberg U.S. Government Index	An unmanaged index considered representative of fixed-income obligations issued by the U.S. government.
Bloomberg Long Credit Index	An unmanaged index considered representative of long duration fixed-income obligations issued by U.S. corporates.
S&P GSCI	A world-production weighted index that is based on the average quantity of production of each commodity in the index.
MSCI factor indexes	are rules-based indexes that capture the returns of systematic factors that have historically earned a persistent premium over long periods of time—such as Value, Low Size, Low Volatility, High Yield, Quality and Momentum and Growth.

Legal Disclosures and Disclaimers

This document has been produced by Aon's Global Asset Allocation Team, a division of Aon plc and is appropriate solely for institutional investors. Nothing in this document should be treated as an authoritative statement of the law on any particular aspect or in any specific case. It should not be taken as financial advice and action should not be taken as a result of this document alone. Consultants will be pleased to answer questions on its contents but cannot give individual financial advice. Individuals are recommended to seek independent financial advice in respect of their own personal circumstances. The information and opinions contained herein is given as of the date hereof and does not purport to give information as of any other date and are subject to change due to changes in the market or economic conditions and may not necessarily come to pass. Information contained herein is for informational purposes only and should not be considered investment advice. The delivery at any time shall not, under any circumstances, create any implication that there has been a change in the information set forth herein since the date hereof or any obligation to update or provide amendments hereto. The information contained herein is derived from proprietary and non-proprietary sources deemed by Aon to be reliable and are not necessarily all inclusive. Aon does not guarantee the accuracy or completeness of this information and cannot be held accountable for inaccurate data provided by third parties. Reliance upon information in this material is at the sole discretion of the reader.

This document does not constitute an offer of securities or solicitation of any kind and may not be treated as such, i) in any jurisdiction where such an offer or solicitation is against the law; ii) to anyone to whom it is unlawful to make such an offer or solicitation; or iii) if the person making the offer or solicitation is not qualified to do so. If you are unsure as to whether the investment products and services described within this document are suitable for you, we strongly recommend that you seek professional advice from a financial adviser registered in the jurisdiction in which you reside. We have not considered the suitability and/or appropriateness of any investment you may wish to make with us. It is your responsibility to be aware of and to observe all applicable laws and regulations of any relevant jurisdiction, including the one in which you reside.

Aon Investments Limited is authorized and regulated by the Financial Conduct Authority. Registered in England & Wales No. 4396810. When distributed in the US, Aon Investments USA Inc. ("Aon Investments") is a registered investment adviser with the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC"). Aon Investments is a wholly owned, indirect subsidiary of Aon plc. In Canada, Aon Solutions Canada Inc. and Aon Investments Canada Inc. ("Aon Investments Canada") are indirect subsidiaries of Aon plc, a public company trading on the NYSE. Investment advice to Canadian investors is provided through Aon Investments Canada, a portfolio manager, investment fund manager and exempt market dealer registered under applicable Canadian securities laws. Regional distribution and contact information is provided below. Contact your local Aon representative for contact information relevant to your local country if not included below.

Aon Investments USA Inc.
200 E. Randolph Street
Suite 700
Chicago, IL 60601
ATTN: Aon Investments Compliance Officer

© Aon plc 2023. All rights reserved.